Our 10th cycle of work in Viet Nam to fulfil the transformative promise of “Leaving No One Behind”
In this cycle of work in Viet Nam (2022-2026), UNFPA will target those left furthest behind, including: women and girls, adolescents and youth, older persons, ethnic minorities, migrant workers, people with disabilities, and survivors of gender-based violence.

so that we achieve:
1) Zero unmet need for family planning;
2) Zero preventable maternal deaths;
3) Zero GBV and other harmful practices.

Our actions are in alignment with:
United Nations Sustainable Development Goals;
Viet Nam National Development Priorities (SEDS 2021-2030);
UNFPA’s humanitarian support to Viet Nam focuses on the provision of integrated sexual and reproductive health services, prevention and response to gender-based violence, and support to the elders. The rights and choices of women and girls, young people and older persons affected by humanitarian crises will be prioritized as we work together to leave no one behind.

**WHAT WE DO**

**UNFPA TRANSFORMATIVE RESULTS**

- Zero unmet need for family planning
- Zero preventable maternal deaths
- Zero GBV and other harmful practices

**10th COUNTRY PROGRAM RESULTS AREAS**

1. **Youth Development & participation including in humanitarian and development nexus**
2. **Integrated and inclusive social protection for older persons**
3. **Vulnerable groups have access to SRHR information and services including in humanitarian and development nexus**
4. **Evidence-based policy and programme making (Data production, analysis and use)**
5. **Transform harmful attitudes towards gender equality, GBV, harmful practices including in humanitarian and development nexus (Prevention)**
6. **Multisectoral response to address GBV and harmful practices (Response)**
1. **Youth Development & participation including in humanitarian and development settings**

   To create an enabling environment by:
   - Capacitating youth and expanding dialogues with policy makers;
   - Advocating youth for decision-making positions;
   - Partnering with youth-led organizations in implementing Youth Law and in humanitarian actions;
   - Monitoring youth development through data generation.

2. **Social protection for older persons**

   To enhance a coherent and inclusive social protection system by:
   - Applying life-cycle and gender-transformative approach;
   - Developing the policy framework to protect individuals’ rights into old age, their empowerment and to ensure social inclusion;
   - Promoting evidence-based policy making on ageing;
   - Facilitating private sector investment.

3. **Vulnerable groups have access to SRHR information and services**

   To ensure universal access to an integrated package of quality SRH information and services by:
   - Utilizing data for policies and enhancing the health information management system;
   - Promoting innovative financing mechanisms, involving private sector to address emerging SRHR issues;
   - Applying digital technologies such as "tele-health";
   - Multisectoral approach to SRHR for young people, including comprehensive sexuality education;
   - Strengthening humanitarian preparedness and response to ensure the protection of vulnerable populations.

4. **Data and evidence for policy**

   To strengthen evidence-based and rights-based policy and programme making, budgeting and monitoring by:
   - Speeding up the data generation process by using new technology and exploring new data set;
   - Developing capacities, especially for policy makers, for data utilization for policy development;
   - Ensuring adequate budget allocation and expenditures for SRHR.

5. **Gender-based violence and harmful practices**

   To reduce GBV and other harmful practices including in the humanitarian-development settings by:
   - Providing evidence-based and technical advice for the revision of GBV-related laws;
   - Changing harmful attitudes and behaviours;
   - Mobilising communities and male engagement.

6. **Multi-sectoral response to address gender-based violence and other harmful practices**

   To strengthen the multisectoral response at national and subnational levels by:
   - Expanding one stop service centres (OSSCs) to provide integrated services;
   - Strengthening governance for multi-sectoral coordination across the humanitarian-development nexus;
   - Developing national guidelines for multi-sectoral GBV response;
   - Strengthening GBV administrative data systems.
UNFPA will continue to respect national ownership, and strengthen both traditional and non-traditional development partnerships.

**PARTNERSHIPS**
- Viet Nam Communist Party
- National Assembly
- Government Ministries and agencies
- Mass organisations and civil societies
- Development partners: (Australia, South Korea, Japan, Norway, UN thematic funds)
- Private sector (MSD, Bloomberg/Vital Strategies)

**FINANCIAL RESOURCES**

- **$26.5 MILLION IN TOTAL**
  - **$10.5 million** from regular resources
  - **$16.0 million** through co-financing modalities or other resources
  - **$10.5 million**

**Programme Coordination Assistance 5%**
- **SRHR 24%**
- **GBV and harmful practices 49%**
- **Data for policy 7%**
- **Youth 5%**
- **Ageing 10%**

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